
Circle the Correct Option

I) The element of solution set of inequation $-2<x<\frac{3}{2}$ is: $\quad-2<x<\frac{3}{2}$
(A) $2 / 3$
(B) -5
(C) 3
(D) 0
II) The solution set of $|x-4|=-4$ is $\qquad$ - -
(A) $\}$
(B) 8
(C) -8
(D) -16

(A) -8
(B) -2
(C) $-\frac{14}{4}$
(D) None كوَّبْ4
IV) The solution set of $3 x-9=3$ is $\qquad$ $\therefore$

$$
\text { 3x-9=3 (IV } 6 \text { كبيط: }
$$

(A) 3
(B) 4
(C) 6
(D) 9
V) Points of origin are:
(V مبراء عكدواتبّل
(A) $(0,0)$
(B) $(1,1)$
(C) $(0,1)$
(D) $(1,0)$
$\mathbf{V I}) x=3$ is parallel to $\qquad$ axis.

- تمواز $\mathrm{F}=3$ (VI
(A) $x$
(B) y
(C) both ونو
(D) None $\qquad$ $\sqrt{5}$
Attempt the following questions.
I) Solve the equation. $\frac{3 x}{2}-\frac{x-2}{3}=\frac{25}{6}$
II) Find solution set of $\quad|4 x+5|=|8 x-3|$
III) Solve. $\frac{x-3}{3}-\frac{x-2}{2}=-1$
IV) Solve the equation. $\quad \sqrt[3]{3 x+5}=\sqrt[3]{x-1}$
V) Solve the inequation $3 x+1<5 x-4$
VI) Draw the graph. $\quad y=2 x$
VII) Define abscissa.



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\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 x}{2}-\frac{x-2}{3}=\frac{25}{6} \quad \text { (I) } \\
& |4 x+5|=|8 x-3| \text { (II } \\
& \frac{x-3}{3}-\frac{x-2}{2}=-1 \quad-\underset{\text { (III }}{\text { (II. }} \\
& \sqrt[3]{3 x+5}=\sqrt[3]{x-1} \text { (IV }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { (VII }
\end{aligned}
$$


3) Triangles on the same base and of the same (i.e., equal) altitudes are equal in area.

