
Circle the Correct Option

| 1X6=06 |  | (1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

I) What should be added to $x^{4}+64$ to make a perfect square? (I
(A) $-8 x^{2}$
(B) $4 x^{2}$
(C) $8 x^{2}$
(D) $16 x^{2}$
II) L.C.M of $39 x^{7} y^{3} z$ and $91 x^{5} y^{6} z^{7}$ is $\qquad$ 910 اور $91 x^{5} y^{6} z^{7}$ (II
(A) $273 x^{7} y^{6} z^{7}$
(B) $273 x^{7} y^{6} z^{6}$
(C) $273 x^{6} y^{6} z^{7}$
(D) $273 x^{6} y^{7} z^{6}$
III) The square root of $25 x^{2}+64-2(40 x)$ is $\qquad$ (III
(A) $\pm(5 x-6)$
(B) $\pm(5 x+6)$
(C) $\pm(5 x-8)$
(D) $\pm(5 x+8)$
IV) Methods to find H.C.F are:

(A) 1
(B) 2
(C) 3
(D) 4
V) In right angled triangle the greatest side is called:
(A) Hypotenuse ;,
(B) Perpendicular
(C) Base تاعه
(D) Anyone كوَّكُ

(A) Hypotenuse ;,
(B) $(\%)^{2}$
(C) $(0 \times 1)^{2}$
(D) $\left({ }^{(x, f}\right)^{2}$


## Attempt the following questions.

## 5×3=15

- مندرجز.....


1) Simplify:

$$
\frac{2 y^{2}+7 y-4}{3 y^{2}-13 y+4} \div \frac{4 y^{2}-1}{6 y^{2}+y-1}
$$

1) كخركـي -


2) Parallelograms on the same base and between the same parallel lines (or of the same altitude) are equal in area.
